

**B. N. BANDODKAR COLLEGE OF SCIENCE, THANE - 400 601.**  
**FIRST TERM EXAMINATION OCT. - 2010**

**S. Y. B. Sc.**

**TIME : 2 Hrs.**

**SUBJECT : PHYSICS - II**

**MARKS : 60**

- N. B. :**
1. All questions are compulsory.
  2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
  3. Use of non programmable calculators is allowed.

**Q.1 a) Attempt ANY THREE :** [12]

- i) Explain 'Isotopes' with suitable example.
- ii) Explain the term 'Lorentz Force'.
- iii) State why silicon devices are preferred over germanium devices.
- iv) Write short note on 'Frequency response' of an amplifier.
- v) Write short note on 'One's complement Representation' of binary numbers.

**b)** Write the truth table of JK Flipflop. [3]

**Q.2 a) Attempt ANY ONE of the following :** [8]

- i) A charged particle enters a uniform constant magnetic field. Show that it traces a helical path, in general.
- ii) Set up the equation of motion of a charged particle in a uniform constant electric field and solve it.

**b)** What is a Velocity Selector and discuss its working. [4]

**c)** In a Velocity Selector, the crossed electric and magnetic fields applied are 60 kV/m and 0.3 wb/m<sup>2</sup>. A beam of ions enters the crossed fields. What should be the speed of ions so that they pass undeflected through the region. [3]

**Q.3 a) Attempt ANY ONE :** [8]

- i) What is faithful amplification. State and explain the conditions to be fulfilled to achieve faithful amplification in a transistorized amplifier.
- ii) Derive the relation between the gain without feedback and gain with feedback when negative feedback is introduced.

- b)** For a Voltage divider bias circuit given  $R_1 = 6\text{k}\Omega$   $R_2 = 4\text{k}\Omega$ ,  
 $R_C = R_E = 5\text{k}\Omega$ ,  $\beta = 100$ ,  $V_{CC} = 30\text{V}$ . Determine  $I_C$  &  $I_B$  if  $V_{BE} = 0.6\text{V}$ . [4]
- c)** An amplifier has an input signal voltage  $0.1\text{ V}$  and draws  $0.1\text{mA}$  from the source. The amplifier delivers  $5\text{V}$  to a load at  $10\text{ mA}$ . Determine the voltage, current and power gains. [3]
- Q.4 a) Attempt ANY ONE of the following :** [8]
- i) Explain R. S. flipflop using NOR gates by drawing its logic CKT and write down its state transition table.
- ii) For a given logical equation  
 $Y = (A + BC) (B + \bar{C}A)$  design the circuit with I) NAND II) NOR gates
- b)** Convert decimal no.  $(286.75)_{10}$  to hexadecimal number. [4]
- c)** What is a counter? Compare a ripple and synchronous counter. [3]

