

B.N.Bandodkar College of Science,Thane

F.Y.B.Sc First Semester End Examination Oct. 2011.

USMT 102- Additional

Duration:2 hours

Max.Marks:60

Instructions to the candidates:

1.All questions are compulsory.

2.Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1 (a) If p is a prime number such that $p \mid a$ and $p \mid (a^2 + b^2)$, then prove that $p \mid b$. (3)
- (b) Attempt any three of the following questions
- (i) State and prove Euclid's lemma. (4)
- (ii) Prove that $\sqrt{13}$ is not a rational number. (4)
- (iii) Construct Pascal's triangle upto $n=6$. (4)
- (iv) Prove that, for any positive integer n , $n(n+1)$ is divisible by 2. (4)
- (v) State and prove the Binomial Theorem for $n \in \mathbb{N}$, using the principle of induction. (4)
- Q.2 (a) Define the Cartesian product of two sets. Find $A \times B$, where $A=\{a,b,c\}$ and $B=\{1,2\}$. (3)
- (b) Attempt any three of the following questions
- (i) State addition and multiplication principles of counting. (4)
- (ii) On \mathbb{Z} , define the binary operation $*$ as $a*b = a + 2b$, for all $a,b \in \mathbb{Z}$. Check whether $*$ is commutative and associative. (4)
- (iii) If 5 points are chosen in an equilateral triangle of side 2. Show that at least two points are at a distance of at most one unit from each other. (4)
- (iv) If X is a finite set and $f:X \rightarrow X$ is a function such that $f^2(x) = x$, for $\forall x \in X$. Show that f is a bijection. (4)
- (v) Show that $f:\mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$ given by $f(x) = 3x + 2$ is a bijection and hence find its inverse. (4)
- Q.3 (a) Define congruence relation modulo n , with an example. (3)

P.T.O.

(b) Attempt any three of the following questions

- (i) Define Euler's ϕ function .Find $\phi (20)$ and $\phi (7)$. (4)
- (ii) Prove that two integers a and b are congruent modulo a positive integer n if and only if they leave the same remainder when divided by n. (4)
- (iii) Find the smallest positive integer modulo 8 ,to which $3^2.3^3.3^4.3^{10}$ is congruent. (4)
- (iv) Verify Wilson's Theorem for p =7. (4)
- (v) Show that every four digit integer of the type abba, is divisible by 11. (4)

Q.4 (a) Prove that $2^n = {}^n C_0 + {}^n C_1 + {}^n C_2 + \dots + {}^n C_n$, where n is non-negative integer. (3)

(b) Attempt any three of the following questions

- (i) Prove that the number of primes is infinite. (4)
- (ii) If X and Y are finite sets with $|X| = n$ and $|Y| = m$. Prove that the number of functions from X into Y is m^n . (4)
- (iii) If $a \equiv b \pmod{n}$ and $c \equiv d \pmod{n}$ then prove that $ac \equiv bd \pmod{n}$. (4)
- (iv) If m and n are two integers such that $(m,n) = 1$, then prove that $\phi(mn) = \phi(m)\phi(n)$. (4)
- (v) If $f: \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$, $g: \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$ and $f(x)=2x+3, g(x)=x^2+2$. Find gof and fog. (4)
