

B.N.BANDODKAR COLLEGE OF SCIENCE – THANE

S.Y.B.Sc. (A.T.K.T/FAILURE) EXAMINATION – Feb.2011

MATHEMATICS PAPER – I

Duration: 3 Hrs

Max.Marks:90

N.B. 1. All Questions are compulsory.

SECTION I

- Q.1 (a) Prove that intersection of open sets in \mathbb{R} is open in \mathbb{R} . 3
- (b) Attempt any three of the following.
- (i) State and prove Hausdorff's property. 4
- (ii) Prove that $[a, b]$ is closed set. 4
- (iii) Let $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ such that $x < y$. prove that for any $z > 0$, $xz < yz$. 4
- (iv) State and prove Archimedian Property in \mathbb{R} . 4
- (v) Prove that if a supremum exist then it is unique. 4
- Q.2 (a) Using ϵ - n_0 definition to prove that the sequence $(\frac{1}{n}) \rightarrow 0$. 3
- (b) Attempt any three of the following.
- (i) If $(x_n) \rightarrow p$ and $(y_n) \rightarrow q$ then prove that $(x_n + y_n) \rightarrow p + q$. 4
- (ii) Prove that every convergent sequence is Cauchy sequence. 4
- (iii) Find limit superior of sequence $(1/n)$. 4
- (iv) Define Limit Superior and Limit Inferior of a sequence. 4
- (v) If f and g are continuous at a then prove that $f g$ is continuous at a . 4
- Q.3 (a) Find the Radius of Convergence of the series $\sum \frac{x^n}{3^n}$. 3
- (b) Attempt any three of the following.
- (i) Prove that if a series $\sum x_n$ converges then $(x_n) \rightarrow 0$. 4
- (ii) Find the fourier series of $f(x) = x$, $x \in [-\pi, \pi]$. 4
- (iii) Discuss the convergence of the series $\sum \frac{2n+4}{n^3}$. 4

(iv) State and prove the Cauchy Criterion of the Convergence of the series. 4

(v) Prove that the series $\sum \frac{1}{n^2}$ converges. 4

Section II

Q.4 (a) Solve the following differential equation 3

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x + 2y}{x - 2y}$$

(b) Attempt any three of the following. 4

(i) Find the general solution of $y'' - 5y' + 6y = 0$. 4

(ii) If $y_1 = x$ is a solution of $x^2y'' + xy' - y = 0$. Find the general solution of the differential equation. 4

(iii) Solve : $2y'' - 4y' + 8y = 0$. 4

(iv) Find the Particular solution of $y'' + 10y' + 25y = 14e^{-5x}$. 4

(v) Solve : $y'' + y = 2\cos x$ 4

Q.5 (a) Write triple integral bounded by the xy – plane and $z = 4 - x^2 - y^2$. 3

(b) Attempt any three of the following. 4

(i) Evaluate the double integral of $f(x, y) = x + y$ over the rectangle $[0, 2] \times [-1, 1]$. 4

(ii) Find the volume of the tetrahedron bounded by the planes $Y = 0, z = 0, x = 0$ & $x + y + z = 1$. 4

(iii) Evaluate $\iint (x + 2y) dx dy$ where D is the region bounded by $y = x^2$ and $y = 1$. 4

(iv) Find the Centre of Mass of a thin plate bounded by $x = y^2$ and $x = 2y$. 4

(v) Find the average value of $f(x, y) = x(x + y)$ on $D = [0, 1] \times [0, 1]$. 4

Q.6 (a) Evaluate the line integral of $f(x, y) = (x, y)$ over the curve C : $y = x^2$ from $(-1, 1)$ to $(1, 1)$. 3

(b) Attempt any three of the following. 4

(i) Use line integral to find area of the Ellipse $x^2 / a^2 + y^2 / b^2 = 1$. 4

- (ii) Find the potential function of $F(x, y) = (3 + 2xy, x^2 - 3y^2)$. 4
- (iii) State Green's Theorem & use it to evaluate the line integral of $f(x, y) = (2x - y + 4, 5y + 3x - 6)$ along the triangle bounded by $(0,0)$, $(3, 0)$, $(3, 2)$. 4
- (iv) Find the work done of $f(x, y) = (x^2, y^2)$ over the curve $y=x^2$ from $(-1,1)$ to $(1,1)$. 4
- (v) Find the Flux density of $f(x, y) = (x^2 - y, xy - y^2)$. 4