

B.N.BANDODKAR COLLEGE OF SCIENCE,THANE(WEST)

T.Y.B.Sc. Preliminary Examination, Feb. 2011

Mathematics Paper III: Topology of Metric Spaces

Duration:3 hours

Max.Marks:100

N.B. 1)All questions are compulsory.

2)Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q.1 Attempt any two of the following questions.

- a) Let (X, d) be a metric space. Show that a non empty subset G of X is open set in X if and only if it is the union of open balls in X . (10)
- b) Show that any non empty subset of \mathbb{R} is connected with respect to the usual distance metric if and only if it is an interval. (10)
- c) State and prove Bessel's inequality in $C[-\pi, \pi]$. (10)

Q.2 Attempt any two of the following questions.

- a) Let (X, d) be a metric space and d_1 be a metric defined by

$$d_1(x, y) = \frac{d(x, y)}{1 + d(x, y)}$$

prove that $(x_n) \rightarrow P$ in (X, d) if and only if $(x_n) \rightarrow P$ in (X, d_1) . (10)

- b) Let (X, d) be a metric space. Show that a subset D of X is dense in X if and only if $D \cap G \neq \emptyset$ for each open subset G of X . (10)
- c) Let (X, d) be a complete metric space. Prove that a subspace (Y, d) of (X, d) is complete if and only if Y is closed subset of X . (10)

(2)

Q.3 Attempt any two of the following questions.

a) Let (X,d) and (Y,d') be metric spaces and $f: X \rightarrow Y$ be any function. Prove that f is continuous on X if and only if for every closed subset F of Y , $f^{-1}(F)$ is closed in X . (10)

b) Let (X,d) and (Y,d') be metric spaces. If $f: X \rightarrow Y$ is continuous on X then prove the following:

i) For each subset A of X , $f(\overline{A}) \subseteq \overline{f(A)}$

ii) For each subset B of Y , $\overline{f^{-1}(B)} \subseteq f^{-1}(\overline{B})$ (10)

c)i) Using $\varepsilon - \delta$ definition prove that the function $f: (\mathbb{R}^2, d) \rightarrow (\mathbb{R}^2, d)$ defined by $f(x,y) = (y,x)$ is continuous, where d is Euclidean distance.

ii) Let (X,d) be metric spaces and $f: X \rightarrow X$ is continuous function then show that $A = \{x \in X / f(x) = x\}$ is a closed set. (10)

Q.4 Attempt any two of the following questions.

a) State and prove Fejer's Theorem. (10)

b) i) Find the Fourier series of the function $f(x) = |\cos x|$, $-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$

ii) State and prove Weierstrass approximation theorem. (10)

c) If $D_n(t)$ denotes Dirichlet's kernel and $K_n(t)$ denotes Fejer's kernel then prove

$$\text{that } D_n(t) = \frac{\sin\left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right)t}{2\sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)}, \quad K_n(t) = \frac{\sin^2\left(\frac{nt}{2}\right)}{2n\sin^2\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)}, \quad 0 < t < \infty. \quad (10)$$

(3)

Q.5 Attempt any two of the following questions

a) Let K be a subset of \mathbb{R}^n . Prove that K is compact if and only if K is closed and bounded. (10)

b) (i) Prove that a closed subset of compact metric space is compact.

ii) If A and B are connected subsets of a metric space (X, d) and $A \cap B \neq \emptyset$, then prove that $A \cup B$ is connected. (10)

c) Let (X, d) be a metric space. If A is a connected subset of X and $A \subseteq B \subseteq \bar{A}$ then show that B is connected. Hence deduce that \bar{A} is connected. (10)